

الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا
المسالك الدولية - خيار إنجليزية
الدورة العادية 2017
- الموضوع -

NS 24E

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المملكة المغربية
وزارة التربية الوطنية
والتكوين المهني
والتعليم العالي والبحث العلمي

المركز الوطني للتقويم والامتحانات والتوجيه

المادة	الرياضيات	مدة الإنجاز	4
الشعبة أو المسلك	مسلك العلوم الرياضية (أ) و(ب) – خيار إنجليزية	المعامل	9

- The duration of the exam is 4 hours
- The exam contains 4 independent exercises
- The exercises can be treated in the order chosen by the candidate

- The exercise1 concerns the algebraic structures.....(3,5pts)
- The exercise2 concerns the complex numbers.....(3,5pts)
- The exercise3 concerns the arithmetic.....(3pts)
- The exercise4 concerns the analysis.....(10pts)

The use of calculators is not allowed

The use of red pens on answers sheets is not permitted

EXERCISE1 : (3.5 points)

Recall that $(M_3(i), +, \cdot)$ is a ring with unity $I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, its additive identity is the

null matrix $O = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$, and that $(\mathbb{C}, +, \cdot)$ is a commutative field.

Put $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $M(a,b) = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & -b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & -a & a \end{pmatrix}$ for all $(a,b) \in \mathbb{C}^2$.

Consider the set $E = \{M(a,b) \mid (a,b) \in \mathbb{C}^2\}$

0.5 1- Show that E is a sub-group of the group $(M_3(i), +)$

0.5 2- We define in $M_3(i)$ the internal composition law T by :

$$M(a,b)T M(c,d) = M(a,b) + M(c,d)$$

Verify that E is stable in $(M_3(i), T)$

3- Let j be the mapping from \mathbb{C}^* to E which associates to every non zero complex number $a+ib$ (where $(a,b) \in \mathbb{C}^2$) the matrix $M(a,b)$ in E

0.75 a) Verify that j is an homomorphism from (\mathbb{C}^*, \cdot) to (E, T) and that

$$j(\mathbb{C}^*) = E^* \text{ where } E^* = E \setminus \{M(0,0)\}$$

0.75 b) Deduce that (E^*, T) is a commutative group which neutral element J must be determined

0.5 4- a) Show that the inner composition law "T" is distributive on the inner composition law "+" in E

0.5 b) Deduce that $(E, +, T)$ is a commutative field.

EXERCISE2 :(3.5 points)

Let m be a **non zero** complex number.

Part1 :

Consider in \mathbb{C} the following equation :

$$(E) : 2z^2 - 2(m+1+i)z + m^2 + (1+i)m + i = 0$$

0.5 1- Verify that the discriminant of the equation (E) is $D = (2im)^2$

0.5 2- Solve in \mathbb{C} the equation (E)

Part2 :

The complex plane is attached to a direct orthonormal coordinate system $(O, \vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2)$

Assume that $m \in \mathbb{R} - \{0, 1, i\}$ and put : $z_1 = \frac{1+i}{2}(m+1)$ and $z_2 = \frac{1-i}{2}(m+i)$

Consider the points A, B, M, M_1 and M_2 , which affixes are respectively

$1, i, m, z_1$ and z_2

0.25 1-a) Verify that : $z_1 = iz_2 + 1$

0.5 b) Show that M_1 is the image of M_2 under the rotation having center the point

W with affix $w = \frac{1+i}{2}$ and angle with measurement $\frac{\pi}{2}$

0.5 2-a) Verify that : $\frac{z_2 - m}{z_1 - m} = i \frac{m-1}{m-i}$

0.5 b) Show that if the points M, M_1 and M_2 are collinear then M belongs to the circle (G) with diameter $[AB]$

0.75 c) Determine the set of the points M for which the points W, M, M_1 and M_2 are cocyclic (note that: $\frac{z_1 - w}{z_2 - w} = i$).

EXERCISE3 :(3points)

We admit that 2017 is a prime number and that $2016 = 2^5 3^2 7$

Let p be a **prime number greater or equal than 5**

1- Let (x, y) in $\mathbb{Z}^* \times \mathbb{Z}^*$ such that: $px + y^{p-1} = 2017$

0.25 a) Verify that: $p < 2017$

0.5 b) Show that: p does not divides y

0.75 c) Show that : $y^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$ and then deduce that p divides 2016

0.5 d) Show that : $p = 7$

1 2- Determine , according the values of p , the couples of $\mathbb{Z}^* \times \mathbb{Z}^*$ verifying :

$$px + y^{p-1} = 2017$$

EXERCISE4 : (10 points)

Part1 :

Consider the numerical function f defined on $[0, +\infty[$ by :

$$f(0)=0 \text{ and } (\forall x \in]0, +\infty[) \quad f(x) = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

Let (C) be the representative curve of f in an orthonormal coordinate system

(O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) (We take : $\|\vec{i}\| = \|\vec{j}\| = 2cm$)

- 0.25** 1-a) Show that the function f is continuous on the right at the point 0
- 0.5** b) Show that the function f is differentiable on the right at the point 0
- 0.5** c) Show that the function f is differentiable on $]0, +\infty[$ and calculate $f'(x)$ for all x in the interval $]0, +\infty[$
- 0.5** 2- a) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ and then interpret graphically the obtained result.
- 0.25** b) Give the variations table of the function f
- 0.75** 3- a) Show that the curve (C) admits an inflection point I which coordinates must be determined
- 0.5** b) Plot the curve (C) (we take : $f(1)$; $0,7$ and $4e^{-3}$; $0,2$)

Part2 :

Consider the numerical function F defined on $[0, +\infty[$ by :

$$F(x) = \int_x^1 f(t) dt$$

- 0.25** 1- Show that the function F is continuous over $[0, +\infty[$
- 0.5** 2-a) By using the method of integration by parts show that :
- $$(\forall x \in]0, +\infty[) \quad \int_x^1 e^{-\frac{1}{t}} dt = e^{-1} - x e^{-\frac{1}{x}} - \int_x^1 \frac{1}{t} e^{-\frac{1}{t}} dt$$
- 0.25** b) Determine $\int_x^1 \left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{t}} dt$ for all x in $]0, +\infty[$
- 0.5** c) Show that: $\int_0^1 f(t) dt = e^{-1}$
- 0.5** 3- Calculate in square centimeter (cm^2), the area of the region of the plane enclosed by the curve (C) and the lines with the equations: $x = 0$, $x = 2$ et $y = 0$.
- 4- Consider the numerical sequence $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$ defined by : $u_n = F(n) - F(n+2)$
- 0.5** a) By using the mean value theorem, show that for every natural number n

there exist a real number v_n in the interval $]n, n+2[$ such that: $u_n = 2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{v_n}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{v_n}}$

0.25

b) Show that : $(\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^*) \quad 2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{n}} \leq u_n \leq 2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n+2}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{n+2}}$

0.25

c) Deduce $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n$

Part3 :

0.5

1-a) Show that for all non zero natural number n , there exist a unique non zero positive real number a_n such that : $f(a_n) = e^{-\frac{1}{n}}$

0.25

b) Show that the numerical sequence $(a_n)_{n \geq 1}$ is increasing.

0.25

c) Verify that: $(\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^*) \quad -\frac{1}{a_n} + \ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{a_n}\right) = -\frac{1}{n}$

0.25

2-a) Show that: $(\forall t \in [0, +\infty[) \quad 1 - t \leq \frac{1}{1+t} \leq 1 - t + t^2$

0.5

b) Show that: $(\forall x \in [0, +\infty[) \quad -\frac{x^2}{2} \leq -x + \ln(1+x) \leq -\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3}$

3- Let n be a natural number greater or equal than 4.

0.5

a) Verify that: $a_4^3 \leq 1$ and then deduce that: $a_n^3 \leq 1$ (we admit that $e^{\frac{3}{4}} \geq 2$)

0.5

b) Show that: $1 - \frac{2}{3a_n} \leq \frac{2a_n^2}{n} \leq 1$

(one can use the questions 1-c) and 2-b) of Part 3)

0.5

c) Show that: $\sqrt{\frac{n}{6}} \leq a_n$ (one can use the questions 3-a) and 3-b))

and then deduce $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} a_n$

0.5

d) Determine : $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} a_n \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}}$

END

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- عناصر الإجابة -



4	مدة الإنجاز	الرياضيات	المادة
9	المعامل	مسلك العلوم الرياضية (أ) و(ب) - خيار إنجليزية	الشعبة أو المسلك

EXERCISE1	Indication of solutions		Barème
1-	E is a subgroup of $(M_3(i), +)$		0.5
2-	stability		0.5
3-	a)	homomorphism.....0.5 $j(\mathcal{F}^*) = E^*$ 0.25	0.75
	b)	(E^*, T) is a commutative group.....0.5 the determination of J0.25	
4-	a)	distributivity	0.5
	b)	$(E, +, T)$ commutative field	0.5

EXERCISE2	Indication of solutions		Barème	
Part1	1-	verification of D	0.5	
	2-	The solutions of the equation	0.5	
Part2	1-	a)	verification of the relation : $z_1 = iz_2 + 1$	0.25
		b)	M_1 is the image of M_2	0.5
	2-	a)	verification of the equality	0.5
		b)	the belong to (G)	0.5
		c)	The line (AB) deprived of the two points A and B the over all marks is assigned even if the candidate does not treated the case of the points A and B	0.75

EXERCISE3	Indication de solutions		Barème
1-	a)	verification	0.25
	b)	p does not divides y	0.5
	c)	application of the FERMAT theorem.....0.25 deduction.....0.5	0.75

d)	$p = 7$	0.5
2-	If $p \neq 7$ there is no couple.....0.25 If $p = 7$ The couples are : (288,1)and(279,2) and(184,3)...0.75	1

EXERCISE4		Indication de solutions		Barème
Part1	1-	a)	the continuity on the right at 0	0.25
		b)	the differentiability on the right at 0	0.5
		c)	- differentiability on $]0, +\infty[$ [..... 0.25 - calculus of de $f'(x)$ 0.25	0.5
	2-	a)	- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = 1$ 0.25 - graphical interpretation 0.25	0.5
		b)	variation table	0.25
	3-	a)	- calculus de $f''(x)$ 0.25 - signe of $f''(x)$ 0.25 - inflexion point $I(3, 4e^{-3})$0.25	0.75
b)		the plot of (C)	0.5	
Part2	1-		the continuity of F on $[0, +\infty[$	0.25
	2-	a)	the integration by parts	0.5
		b)	determination of the integral in terms of en x : $\int_x^1 \left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right) e^{-t} dt = e^{-1} - x e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$	0.25
	c)	determination of the value of the integral : the function F is continuous on the right at 0 then : $\int_0^1 f(t) dt = F(0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} F(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \int_x^1 f(t) dt = e^{-1}$	0.5	

	3-	calculus of the air (in squarre centimeter): $A = \int_{0_0}^{a_0} f(t)dt + \int_{0_1}^{0_2} f(t)dt \frac{0_1}{0} 4cm^2$	0.5
	4-	a) the equality	0.5
		b) the double inequality	0.25
		c) $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = 2$	0.25
Part3	1-	a) existence , iniquity de a_n et $a_n > 0$	0.5
		b) the sequence $(a_n)_{n \geq 1}$ is increasing	0.25
		c) verification of the equality	0.25
	2-	a) the double inequality	0.25
		b) the double inequality	0.25
	3-	a) verification.....0.25 deduction.....0.25	0.5
		b) the double inequality	0.5
		c) inequality0.25 deduction.....0.25	0.5
		d) determination of the limit	0.5