



- [1] Tererai Trent was born in a village in Zimbabwe in 1965. She lived without running water or electricity and had no hope for her future. She still remembers very well her father pointing to her brothers and saying: "These are the breadwinners of tomorrow. We need to educate **them**. We need to send them to school. As for the girls, they will get married."
- [2] Desperate to learn, this little girl with big dreams secretly did her brother's homework. "I learned to read and write from my brother's books," she says. Soon, Tererai's secret was exposed, and the teacher begged her father to let her go to school. Tererai attended only two terms before she was forced to marry at age 11. By the age of 18, she was the mother of three. "My husband would beat me whenever he realised that I wanted to have an education," she says.
- [3] In 1991, a visitor changed Tererai's life forever. Mrs. Jo Luck, from an international non-profit organisation, passed through the village and told the women there that they should stand up for their rights, change their lives and realise their dreams. Tererai began to work for that organisation and for several other associations as a community organiser. She used her income to take correspondence courses while saving any money she could.
- [4] In 1998, she was accepted as a student at Oklahoma State University, but she insisted on taking all her five children with her rather than leaving them with her husband. "I couldn't abandon my kids," she remembered. "I knew that they might end up getting married." Tererai's husband agreed that she could take the children to America on condition that he went with them. The organisation helped with the plane tickets, Tererai's mother sold a cow, and neighbours sold goats to collect money. With \$4.000 in cash put in a stocking and tied around her waist, Tererai set off to America.
- [5] Tererai's impossible dream had come true, but it soon looked like a nightmare. Tererai and her family had little money. Her husband often beat her and never helped with the housework he was a man! Yet, she struggled on taking every class she could, doing the housework, enduring her husband's beatings, and rarely sleeping. "I knew that I was getting an opportunity in America that other women in my home country were dying to get," she recalled.
- [6] Soon afterwards, her husband was sent back to Zimbabwe for beating her. Later, she earned her B.A. degree and started on her Master's. Then, her husband returned to Oklahoma, with a disease that turned out to be AIDS but Tererai tested negative. Feeling sorry for him., she nursed him as he grew sicker and died. Despite all these pressures, Tererai excelled at her studies, pursuing a doctoral degree at Michigan University on AIDS prevention in Africa. She was remarried to Mark Trent, whom she had met at Oklahoma State University. After every achievement, Tererai returned home to Zimbabwe. In December 2009, the happily remarried Tererai realised her greatest dream of all a doctoral degree. So, any time you feel desperate or discouraged by big challenges, just remember Tererai Trent.

مان	خاص بكتابة الامتد	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا	الملكة للغربية				
		الدورة العادية 2011					
	لامتحان:	الهوضوع	وزارة الستربيسة السوطسنيسسة				
4	المعامل:	خصي و العانلي: كــان الازدياد:					
3 س	مدة الإنجاز:		المادة: اللغة الإنجليزية الشعب(ة): شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية:				
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ےں ۔	خاص بكتابة الامتد	النقطة النهائية على 20: اسم المصحح و توقيعه:	المسادة: اللغة الإنجليزية الشعب(ة): شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب				
على 5	الصفحة: 2	ورقة الإجابة	C: NS10				
This story is about: a. An African sick woman b. An African ambitious woman c. An African business woman Answer: Dr Tererai comes from a poor family.							
2.	Tererai's mothe	and neighbours helped her go to America.					
3. T	3. Tererai's first husband used to help her at home.						
C. AN	C. ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS. (3 pts)						
1.	. What did Mrs. Jo Luck want women in the village to do?						
2.	2. Why was Tererai's first husband sent back to Zimbabwe?						
3.	3. What was Tererai's greatest achievement?						

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	5	لی	ع	3	فحة:	الص		اللغة الإنجليزية شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب – NS10
D.	ΡI	CK	οι	J T 1	FRC	M TH	E T	TEXT SENTENCES OR PHRASES WHICH SHOW THAT: (2 pts)
	1.	Тє	erer	ai d				nool in her village. (paragraph 2)
	2.	Te	erer	ai d				OS. (paragraph 6)
Ε.	FI	ND	IN	TH	E T	EXT V	VOR	RDS THAT MEAN ALMOST THE SAME AS: (3 pts)
		1. c	bli	ged		(para	grapł	ph 2):
		2. ł	oad	dre	am	(para	grapł	oh 5) :
		3.]	hop	ele	SS	(parag	graph	oh 6):
F.	W	ΉΑ	ΤI	00	THI	E UND	ERI	LINED WORDS IN THE TEXT REFER TO? (2 pts)
		1.	tŀ	nem	ı:	•••••		
		2.	. h	im	:		•••••	
II.	LA	ANG	GU A	AG	E			(15 POINTS)
A	. F	ILL	IN	1 T]	HE]	BLAN	KS V	WITH THE APPROPRIATE PHRASAL VERBS. (1 pt)
						give up	-	go through - pick up - find out - put up
	1.	In	ieed	d to				why my daughter's mark are so bad this semester.
	2.	Di	id y	ou				any Amazigh words during your stay in Tafraout?
В	. I	F IL I	LI	ΝT	ΉE	GAPS	WI	ITH THE APPROPRIATE WORDS FROM THE LIST. (3 pts)
					(digital	- rig	ights - community - equal - gap - subjects
		7	The	nev	w pr	oject is	desi	signed to help the local to build two new schools.
	It v	will	sur	ely	prov	ide		opportunities for girls and boys to benefit from primary
	edı	ıcati	ion	, w	hich	is one	of th	he basic human

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الصفحة: 4 على 5	اللغة الإنجليزية شعبة الأداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الأداب – NS10
C. PUT THE VERBS BET	WEEN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE. (3 pts)
Hi Tom,	
I'm in Ouarzazate now.	I (come) here four days ago after I (visit)
Marrakesh. I hope by the en	nd of next week, I (discover) most of the wonderful
places in the South.	
D. REWRITE THESE SEN	NTENCES AS INDICATED. (4 pts)
1. A Moroccan association	n built a school for disabled children in our city.
A school for disabled cl	hildren
2. You aren't allowed to s	moke in public places.
Smoking	
3. "Did you enjoy the part	y?" Youssef asked Driss.
Youssef wanted to know	w
4. I can't watch this film b	pecause I don't have a DVD player.
If only	
1. My brother came home 6	ENTENCES WITH THE WORDS IN BRACKETS. (2 pts) early. He wanted to watch the football match. (so as to)
2. Jawad read the instruction	ons carefully. He wasn't able to install the printer. (Although)
	THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS? (2 pts)
1. Your friend: I've just b	ought a new electric guitar.
You: (Respond to this	good news)
2. Your classmate lent you	u a dictionary but you lost it.
You: (Apologize)	

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له الإنجليزية شعبة الأداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الأداب – NS10 الصفحة: 5 على 5	اللغ
III. WRITING (10 POINTS)	
Technology has certainly changed our daily life. Write a short article for your school magazine about a technological invention that you think is the most important and explain how it helps you in your life. (Approximately 300 words) These questions may help you: - What is the invention? - Why is it important? - What do you use it for? - How does it help you? - Why would you recommend it to your school mates? etc.	ne
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الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا الدورة العادية 2011 عناصر الإجابة



4	المعامل	NR10 اللغة الإنجليزية	الماكاة
3 س	ماة الإنجاز	شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب	الشعب(ة) او المسلك

KEY AND MARKING SCALE

NB. PLEASE ACCEPT ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE ANSWER NOT MENTIONED IN THE KEY.

I. COMPREHENSION

(15 POINTS)

(Testees should not be penalised for grammar spelling or mistakes in the comprehension section)

A. Best answer (2 pts):

b. An African ambitious woman

B. TRUE OR FALSE WITH JUSTIFICATION: (3 pts: 1pt for each correct and justified answer)

- 1. T: Tererai lived without running water or electricity...
- 2. T: Tererai's mother sold a cow, and neighbours sold goats to collect money...
- **3. F:** ... never helped with the housework / He was a man!...

C. WH QUESTIONS: (3pts: 1 pt for each correct answer)

- 1. She wanted them to stand up for ... / change their lives / and realise their dreams...
- 2. ...because he beat her / for beating her / ...
- 3. ... a doctoral degree

D. PICK OUT: (2 pts: 1 pt each correct answer)

1. She attended only two terms (before she was forced to marry) 2. She tested negative

E. WORD MEANING: (3 pts: 1 pt for each correct answer)

1. forced 2. nightmare 3. desperate

F. PRONOUN REFERENCE: (2 pts: 1 pt for each correct answer)

1. her brothers 2. her (first) husband

II. LANGUAGE (15 POINTS)

A. BLANK FILLING: (1 pt: 0.5 for each correct answer)

1. find out 2. pick up

B. GAP FILLING: (3 pts : 1 pt each correct answer)

community - equal - rights

C. VERB TENSE: (3 pts: 1 pt each correct answer)

came - had visited/visited - will have discovered

D. SENTENCE REWRITING: (4 pts: 1 pt for each correct answer)

- 1. A school for disabled children was built (by a Moroccan association)
- 2. ... isn't allowed/permitted/is forbidden/...
- 3. Youssef wanted to know if / whether Driss had enjoyed the party.
- 4. If only I had a DVD player/If only I could watch this film..

E. SENTENCE JOINING: (2 pts: 1 pt for each correct answer)

- 1. My brother came home early so as to watch the football match.
- 2. Although Jawad read the instructions carefully, he couldn't .../ Jawad couldn'talthough ...

F. FUNCTIONS: (2 pts: 1pt for each appropriate response)

III. WRITING (10 POINTS) The following criteria should be taken into consideration

Scoring criteria	Scores
Relevance of content to the tasks	(3 pts)
Paragraph and composition organisation	(2 pts)
Appropriateness and variety of vocabulary	(2 pts)
Accuracy of grammar	(2 pts)
Mechanics (Spelling, punctuation, capitalization)	(1 pt)