

الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا الدورة العادية 2014 الموضوع



المركز الوطني للتقويم والامتحانات والتوجيه

3	مدة الإنجاز	اللغة الإنجليزية	المادة
4	المعامل	شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب	الشعبة أو المسلك

[1] International TV channels often cover hundreds of stories of young Sub-Saharan Africans who try to emigrate to Europe in search of a better life. They leave their countries crossing the Sahara desert and the sea to reach the continent. Many of **them** lose their lives in the desert. Those who survive face the risk of death while crossing the sea on small and weak boats. Yet, only few migrants give up the dream and decide to return to their home country.



[2] In Morocco, there are about 15,000 African migrants who are awaiting the opportunity to cross over to Europe to realize their dream for a better life. But as the borders to Europe are more and more closed, more migrants are stuck in **the country**. Thomas Estrup, a Danish journalist, visited Morocco and wrote about the difficult situation of these migrants. Joshua is one of them. He is a young Nigerian migrant who has been on the road for more than five years. "No border control or fence will stop him from trying," writes Thomas. "I will risk my life to get there. Either you succeed in escaping border control and expulsion or you die," says Joshua.

[3] Joshua's father died when he was young. Joshua left school after six years of education. He wanted to become an engineer, but his mother could not support his education or pay for his living. Unable to find a job, Joshua left his mother and five siblings, who are all thinking about leaving their home in Nigeria. In 2003, he made the 3,000 kilometres long trip through the desert. "I wanted to change my situation and start a new life," Joshua says. "I wanted to go to Europe and find any job. I saw people from my hometown coming back from Europe with money."



[4] Two years later, Joshua had his chance. He crossed to Spain with a group of seven Africans. He cut his feet and ankles while trying to climb the fences. Worse, he got caught by the Spanish police and was immediately deported back to <a href="https://historian.night.

[5] He simply set out alone with no money. During the trips, he would team up with people from other West African countries who were also heading to Europe. "The worst part was the desert in Niger. We were short of water and food. Also, the police would try to catch us," Joshua says. "If I manage to escape border control, I know that I'll make it into Europe. I have done it before and I'll do it again," he adds.

Adapted from: http://www.theafricancourier.de/index.php

ىتحان 4	ل بكتابة الاه الامتحان المعامل		2014	الامتحان الوطني الموحد الدورة العادية 4 الدورة العادية 4 NS 10 الموضوع الاحم الشخصي و العائلي الدياد الدياد المولية و مكان الازدياد الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب		البيلكة البغرية وزارة التربية الوات والتكوين البغنر المركز الو المادة الشعبة والمسلك
متحان	ں بكتابت الاه	خاص		لنقطة النهائية على 20: بالأرقام	شعبه الأداب والعلوم	الشعبة والمسلك:
5	حة: 2 على	الصف	بهانی√هی علی 20)	على المصحح التأكد من أن النقطة ال سم المصحح و توقيعه:	لإنسانية: مسلك الأداب ورقة الإجابة ال	NS 10
I. C	OMPREHENSI	ION	(15 POINTS) BASE AL	L YOUR ANSWERS ON TH	E TEXT.	
В.	A. CHOOSE THE BEST TITLE FOR THE TEXT. (2 pts) 1. A young African's daily life 2. A young African's dream 3. A young African's tragic end The best title is B. ARE THESE SENTENCES TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY. (3 pts) 1. Many migrants from Africa use Morocco as a temporary place before crossing to Europe.					
2		-		y who is thinking about immi		
3. Joshua couldn't stay in Spain for a long time. C. ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS. (3 pts) 1. How did Thomas Estrup know about Joshua's story? 2. Why didn't Joshua become an engineer? 3. What problems did Joshua and other Africans face while crossing Niger?						

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

	. – – – – –					>
الصفحة: 3 على 5		- الموضوع – - NS10 –	- 2014 ملك الأداب	– الدورة العادية والعلوم الإنسانية: مد	ح البكالوريا – شعبة الأداب	لامتدان الوطني المود ماحة :اللغة الإنجليزية
D. PICK OUT FROM THE	TEXT SENTE	NCES OR E	XPRESSI	ONS WHICH	SHOW TH	AT (2 pts)
1. It's becoming harder to g	get to Europe. (1	Paragraph 2)				
2. Joshua hasn't given up th	ne hope of going	g to Europe. (I	Paragraph	5)		
E. WHAT DO THE UNDER	LINED WOR	DS IN THE T	ΓEXT RE	FER TO? (3 pts)	
1. them (paragraph 1):						
2. the country (paragrap	ph 2):					
3. <u>his homeland</u> (parag	raph 4) :					
F. CHOOSE THE RIGHT A	ANSWER. (2	pts)				
1. "Those who survive" (par	agraph1) means	s 2. "He wou	ıld team ı	up with the peo	ple" (paragr	aph5) means
a. Those who live toget				fight with the p		
b. Those who live in ter				join the people.		
c. Those who stay alive) .	C. 1	He would	work with the p	eopie.	
1:			2: .			
II. LANGUAGE (15 POINTS)					
A. FILL IN THE GAPS WI' look dow	TH THE APPI wn – look afte					IST. (2 pts)
Leila will be late for the part she will join us when her pare	-				. her little si	ister. She says
B. PUT THE WORDS IN BE	RACKETS IN	THE CORRI	ECT FOR	RM. (2 pts)		
1. Education is a very impor	rtant factor in a	country's (de	velop)			
2 Taking care of the enviro	nment is the (re	esnonsible)			of ever	ry citizen

لا يكتب أي شيء

في هذا الإطار

—————————————————————————————————————	
لعادية 2014 - الموضوع - الصفحة: 4 على 5 الصفحة: 4 على 5 انبية: مسلك الأحاب - NS10 -	متحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا – الدورة الاحدادة الإنجادية – شعبة الأحابم والعلوم الإنسا
C. REWRITE THESE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORL	DS GIVEN. (3 pts)
1. Samir goes to a cybercafé because he does not have an Internet connecti	
2. "I'll take you on a trip to Agadir after the exam," the father told his child. The father promised	
3. Our school has used <i>Massar</i> to process students' marks. <i>Massar</i>	
D. PUT THE VERBS IN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE.	(2 pts)
Last summer, I travelled by plane to Paris for the first time. I (feel) the journey because I (never/ take) the plane before	_
E. CORRECT THE UNDERLINED MISTAKES. (2 pts)	
 The doctor advised my mother <u>not eating</u>	-
F. FILL IN EACH GAP WITH THE APPROPRIATE LINKING WOR	RD FROM THE LIST. (2 pts)
besides - despite - that's why - although - due to	
1. Jelloul speaks three foreign languages he has n	never been to school.
2. The doctor says that Amal's sleeping problems are	the long hours she spends online.
G. MATCH THE EXPRESSIONS WITH THEIR APPROPRIATE FUN	NCTIONS. (2 pts)
EXPRESSIONS 1. I think that Bayern Munich is the best football team in Europe. 2. If only we hadn't spoken to him that way. 3. I'm sorry to say this, but these are not the printers I ordered. 4. What about eating out together tonight?	a. suggesting b. expressing opinion c. regretting d. complaining

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

الامتدان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا – الدورة العادية 2014 – الموضوع – الصفحة: 5 على 5 ماحة؛ الأدابم والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآدابم – NS10 –

III. WRITING (10 POINTS)

You attended an event organised by your school environment club to celebrate Earth Day. Use the information in the chart below to write a report about this event.

Organisers	Club members and some teachers
Topic	Environmental problems in the region
Date and place	ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
Participants	22 nd April, Municipality conference room About 120 people: teachers, students, environmentalists, school environment clubs, factory owners, NGOs
Activities	Morning: 2 presentations, film and discussion Afternoon: debate + poster exhibitions + competition + prize distribution ceremony
Conclusion	Opinions and reactions
• • • • • • • • •	
• • • • • • • • •	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
• • • • • • • • •	



الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا

الدورة العادية 2014 عناصر الإجابة



المركز الوطنى للتقويم والامتحانات والتوجيه

NR 10

3	مدة الإنجاز	اللغة الإنجليزية	المادة
4	المعامل	شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب	الشعبة أو المسلك

KEY AND MARKING SCALE

Please accept any appropriate answer not mentioned in this key.

<u>Testees should not be penalised for spelling and grammar mistakes in the comprehension section.</u>

I. COMPREHENSION (15 POINTS)

A. THE BEST TITLE: (2 pts) 2: A young African's dream

B. TRUE OR FALSE: (3 pts) (1 pt each: 0.5 pt for the right choice and 0.5 pt for the right justification.

Consider the justification only if the choice is correct)

- 1. T: there are about 15,000 African migrants who are awaiting the opportunity to cross over to Europe
- 2. F: ... who are all thinking about leaving their home
- 3. T: he was immediately deported back to his homeland.

C. WH QUESTIONS: (3 pts; 1 pt each)

- 1. During his visit to Morocco/ When he visited Morocco.
- 2. ...his mother could not pay for his education...
- 3. ...short of water and food... and/or ...police would try to catch...

D. SENTENCES OR EXPRESSIONS WHICH SHOW THAT: (2 pts; 1 pt each)

- 1. The borders to Europe are more and more controlled.
- 2. I know that I'll make it into Europe. I have done it before and I'll do it again.

E. WORD REFERENCE: (3 pts; 1 pt each)

- 1. them (paragraph 1): (young Sub-Saharan) Africans
- 2. the country (paragraph 2): Morocco
- 3. his homeland (paragraph 4): Nigeria
- F. WORD MEANING: (2 pts; 1 pt each) 1. c 2. b

II. LANGUAGE (15 POINTS)

- A. GAP FILLING: (2 pts; 1 pt each) look after come back
- B. CORRECT WORD FORM: (2 pts; 1 pt each) 1. development 2. responsibility
- C. REWRITING SENTENCES: (3 pts; 1 pt each)
 - 1. If Samir had an internet connection, he wouldn't/would not go to a cybercafé.
 - 2. The father promised to take/that he would take his children on a trip to Agadir after the exam.
 - 3. Massar has been used (by our school) ...
- **D. VERB TENSE:** (2 pts; 1 pt each) felt/ was feeling had never taken
- **E. CORRECTING MISTAKES: (2 pts; 1 pt each)** 1. not to eat 2. who
- F. GAP FILLING: (2 pts; 1 pt each) 1. alti
- 1. although 2. due to
- G. FUNCTIONS: (2 pts; 0.5 pt each)

1: b 2: c 3: d 4: a

III. WRITING (10 POINTS)

Scoring criteria	Scores
Relevance of content to the task	(3 pts)
Paragraphing and organisation	(2 pts)
Appropriateness and variety of vocabulary	(2 pts)
Accuracy of grammar	(2 pts)
Mechanics (spelling, punctuation, capitalisation)	(1 pt)