[1] Despite the new reforms in the Family Code, child marriages are increasing in Morocco. The minimum marriage age rose from 14 to 18 and marriage to a minor requires a judge's permission. However, the number of under-age girls who were married in 2011 reached 42,000. Statistics regarding **this practice** in Morocco show that 12% of marriages involved girls who are minors.



[2] In an attempt to draw the government's attention to the pain of child brides, hundreds of women took to the street in

Rabat protesting for their dignity. Some activists visited many married teenage girls from different cities in **the country** and talked to some of them.

- [3] Siham, now 22, was a victim of early marriage when she was 16. She told her story to Najia Adib, head of "Don't Touch My Child" association. She revealed that she was forced to accept her marriage and that she was badly treated by her husband and her mother-in-law. "Unfortunately, Siham's husband who is supposed to offer security, protection and care at home has turned into a monster," Najia explained. Siham was forced to go to the court and demand her freedom.
- [4] At the age of 24, Hanane, another victim of early marriage, is already divorced and a mother of three children. "My childhood and life were destroyed at the age of 15 when I married a 38-year-old man. In my community, staying at home unmarried is associated with shame," she said. "I was humiliated in all sorts of ways. I was too young to understand my role as a wife or mother. After six years of suffering, I lost hope and I demanded divorce," Hanane told Najia.
- [5] There is still a common tradition among many families in remote areas to force their daughters to marry at a very early age. "Poverty and illiteracy are also important factors," said a sociologist. "Many parents in rural areas prefer to marry off their daughters at an early age because it means one less mouth to feed," he explained.
- [6] It is urgent to end early age marriage in Morocco particularly that the consequences, such as mother mortality, divorce and domestic violence, are very serious. Ending child marriage is everybody's responsibility. Access to education must be guaranteed, and poverty must be reduced. When parents are educated and have enough money, **they** are less likely to give their young daughters for marriage.



Adapted from: http://magharebia.com

	الله والله والمستحدد المستحدد						
حان	كتابت الامت	خاص ب	≥ للبكالوريا	لوطني الموحر	الإمتحاق	±°XNV₹+ I NCAO₹⊖	المملكة المفربية
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3	المعامل	3	مدة الإنجاز		إنجليزية انت الوالما		المادة الشعبــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
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				ـى بـ ـ رحـهرِ كد من أن النقطة ال		مّ الأداب والعلوم الإنسانيم:	•
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	2 على و	الصفحة:		ييعه:	سم المصحح و توا	ورقة الإجابة	NS 11
I CC	MPREHENS	ION	(1	5 POINTS)			
1. 00		1011	`	,			
				YOUR ANSWE		TEXT.	
A. A	RE THESE S	TATEM	ENTS TRUE OF	R FALSE? JUS	ΓΙFY. (2 pt	(s)	
	1. A girl aged	d 20 need	s a judge's permis	ssion to get marr	ied.		
	2. Siham's hi	ısband tr	eated her badly.				
	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		,
B. A	NSWER THE	SE QUE	ESTIONS. (3 pts	s)			
	1. Why did w	omen act	ivists protest in R	abat?			
	2. What did S	iham do	to put an end to he	er problems?			
			•	•			
			ne understand her				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	5. Wily could	птана	ie understand ner	Tole as a wife at	iu illoulei !		
		• • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
C. FI	LL IN THE (CHARTS	WITH INFORM	MATION FROM	M THE TEX	Γ. (2 pts)	
	Ca	auses of o	child marriage		Cons	sequences of child mar	riage
	- tradition						
	-				- divorce		
L							
D. C	D. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES. (2 pts)						
1.	Hanane is from	n an area	where it is a shan	ne			
2.	After a lot of s	uffering	and humiliation, I	Hanane			
		J	,				

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الدورة العادية 2015 – الموضوع الاعتمان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا الصفحة: 3 على 5 ماحة: اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآدارة والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك العلوم الإنسانية – NŠ 11 – E. WHAT DO THE UNDERLINED WORDS IN THE TEXT REFER TO? (3 pts) 1. this practice (paragraph 1):..... 2. the country (paragraph 2):..... (paragraph 6):..... 3. **they** F. FIND IN THE TEXT WORDS OR EXPRESSIONS THAT MEAN THE SAME AS (2 pts) 1. suffering 2. asked for G. WHAT IS THE WRITER'S ATTITUDE? (1 pt) The writer 1. is for child marriage. 2. shows no opinion. 3. is against child marriage. II. LANGUAGE (15 POINTS) A. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH APPROPRIATE WORDS FROM THE LIST. (2 pts) **iustice** - obligation rural health - civil 1. Dropping out of school is common among children coming from areas. 2. Providing care for sick people is a basic human right. B. GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORDS IN BRACKETS. (2 pts) 1. Forcing children to work is a serious (violate) of their basic rights. 2. Many people think that only (wealth) families can provide quality education for their kids. C. PUT THE VERBS IN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT FORM. (2 pts) Two weeks ago, the government decided (start) a campaign in many schools.

This campaign aims at (raise) students' awareness about the dangers of taking drugs.



الامتحان الوطني الموحد البكالوريا – الدورة العادية 2015 – الموضوع – NS 11 – ما الموضوع – NS 11 – الموضوع – ماحة الأنجايزية – الأمانية الأحارج والعلوم الإنسانية ، مسلك العلوم الإنسانية – NS 11 – الموضوع – الصفحة: 4 على 5 D. REWRITE THE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN. (3 pts) 1. Malika dropped out of school because her father lost his job. If Malika's father. 2. The government offered financial assistance to small businesses. Financial assistance. 3. "You should change the PIN code from time to time," said Siham. E. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH APPROPRIATE WORDS FROM THE LIST. (2 pts) who where - which - whose - when 1. Tarik is not satisfied with the new place. he has to work. 2. Rachida, sense of responsibility is exceptional, always gets to work on time. F. MATCH EACH EXPRESSION WITH ITS APPROPRIATE FUNCTION. (2 pts) **Expressions Functions** a. expressing certainty 1. "I'm sorry to say this, but this is not the first time you come late." b. agreeing 2. "You must be tired. You've been working all night." c. expressing opinion d. complaining G. WRITE APPROPRIATE RESPONSES TO THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS. (2 pts) 1. You don't know the meaning of the word 'matrimony'. 2. Your friend: Do you think computers will replace teachers?

2015 - الموضوع - لوم الإنسانية - NS 11 -	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا – الدورة العادية ماحة، اللغة الأنبليزية – شعبة الآداب، والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك العا
II. WRITING (10 POINTS) In 2014, heavy rain caused a lot of damage in many are Morocco. Fortunately, different organizations and associated to help the victims. Write an article for your school magazine in which describe the consequences of the disaster (death of people, days to houses) and how organizations and associations helped victims (food, tents, medical help).	ations n you amage

5	الصفحة: 6 على	الامتدان الوطني المومد للبكالوريا – الدورة العادية 2015 – الموضوع – ماحة: اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك العلوم الإنسانية – NS 11 –

5	الصفحة: 7 على	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا – الحورة العادية 2015 – الموضوع – ماحة:اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآحاب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك العلوم الإنسانية – NS 11 –

5	الصفحة: 8 على	الامتدان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا – الدورة العادية 2015 – الموضوع – NS 11 – ماحة: اللغة الأنجليزية – NS 11 – NS 11 –



KEY AND MARKING SCALE

PLEASE ACCEPT ANY APPROPRIATE ANSWER NOT MENTIONED IN THIS KEY.

I- COMPREHENSION (15 POINTS)

Testees shouldn't be penalised for spelling or grammar mistakes in the comprehension section.

- A. TRUE/FALSE (2 pts, 1pt each: 0.5 pt for the right choice and 0.5 pt for the right justification. Consider the justification ONLY if the choice is correct)
 - 1. F. The minimum marriage age rose from 14 to 18. / Marriage to a minor requires a judge's permission.
- 2. T. She was ill-treated by her husband / her husband has turned into a monster / she was badly treated by her husband.

B. WH-QUESTIONS: (3 pts: 1 pt each)

- 1. ...in order to draw the government ...to the pain/... for their dignity.
- 2. She went to the court (and demanded her freedom)
- 3. ...because she was too young

C. CHART FILLING: (2 pts; 0.5 pt each)

Causes of child marriage	
tradition	
poverty	
illiteracy	
· ·	

Consequences o	f child marriage
mother mortality	
divorce	
domestic violence	

3. parents

D. SENTENCE COMPLETION:

(2 pts: 1 pt each)
2..... demanded divorce / lost hope

1.for a woman/girl to stay unmarried

CE: (3pts; 1pt each)

E. WORD REFERENCE:

1. child/under-age marriage / marriage to a minor 2. Morocco

F.WORD MEANING: (2 pts: 1 pt each) 1. pain 2. demanded

G. THE WRITER'S ATTITUDE (1 pt)

FTITUDE (1 pt)

3. the writer is against child marriage

II. LANGUAGE (15 POINTS)

A. GAP FILLING: (2 pts; 1 pt each) 1. rural 2. health
B. WORD FORM: (2 pts; 1 pt each) 1. violation 2. wealthy
C. VERB FORM: (2 pts: 1 pt each) 1. to start 2. raising

D. SENTENCE REWRITING: (3 pts: 1 pt each)

1. If Malika's father hadn't lost.... She wouldn't have dropped..... 2. ...was offered..... 3...to change.....

E. GAP FILLING: (2 pts) 1. where 2. whose

F. MATCHING: (2 pts; 1 pt each) 1. d. complaining 2. a. expressing certainty.

G. RESPONDING TO SITUATIONS: (2 pts) Accept any correct and appropriate answer

III. WRITING (10 POINTS)

Scoring criteria	Scores
Relevance of content to the tasks	(3 pts)
Paragraph and composition organization	(2 pts)
Appropriateness and variety of vocabulary	(2 pts)
Accuracy of grammar	(2 pts)
Mechanics (spelling, punctuation, capitalisation)	(1 pt)

Г	الصفحة		الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
4	72	NR 11	المنحان الوطني الموحد للبخالوريا - الدورة العادية 10 20 - المنطر الم جابة - مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية
10			- هاده: النعم المجتبرية - سعبه المداب والعنوم المنسانية مستب العنوم المنسانية

الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة NR 11 - مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية

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k	4	NR 11	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
10			– مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية

Г	الصفحة		الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
4	5	NR 11	المنحان الوطني الموحد للبخالوريا - الدورة العادية 10 20 - المنطر الم جابة - مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية
10			- هاده: النعم المجتبرية - سعبه المداب والعنوم المنسانية مستب العنوم المنسانية

Г	الصفحة		الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
4	6	NR 11	المنحان الوطني الموحد للبخالوريا - الدورة العادية 10 2 - عناطر الإبسانية - مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية
10			- هاده: النعم المجتبرية - سعبه المداب والعنوم المنسانية مستب العنوم المنسانية

Г	الصفحة	NE	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
10	7	NR 11	- مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية
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Г	الصفحة		الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
4	8	NR 11	المنحان الوطني الموحد للبخالوريا - الدورة العادية 10 20 - المنطر الم جابة - مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية
10			- هاده: النعم المجتبرية - سعبه المداب والعنوم المنسانية مستب العنوم المنسانية

г	الصفحة		24.44 4 2015 24.44
k	9	NR 11	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
10			– مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية

г	الصفحة		* 1 * 1 * 001
k	10	NR 11	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة العادية 2015 - عناصر الإجابة
10			– مادة: اللغة الأنجليزية – شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية مسلك العلوم الإنسانية