### فعل "یکون" Verb to BE

It is used as a principal and a helping verb.

#### يستخدم كفعل رئيسي ومساعد:

Subject فاعل	Present مضارع	<b>Past</b> ما <i>ضي</i>	Past participle أسم المفعول
I	am	was	been
He, She, It	is	was	been
We, They, You	are	were	been

### فعل "پکون" Verb to BE

نستخدم صيغة المضارع للتعبير عن عادات أو حقائق ثابتة.

نستخدم صبيغة الماضي للتعبير عن شيء حصل وانتهى في الماضي.

أمثلة Examples:

- 1. I am a pupil.
- 2. They <u>are</u> boys.

# Negative Sentences with the verb to BE "الجمل المنفية بالفعل "يكون"

We make negative statements with the verb to BE by using the word <u>not</u> after the verb to be.

Affirmative إثبات	Negative نف <i>ي</i>		
I am at home.	I am not at home.		
You are tall.	You are not tall.		

## Making Questions with the verb to BE "تكوين السؤال مع فعل "يكون"

"Yes" or "No" questions and short answers

"Yes" or "No" questions			Short Answers	
أسئلة إجابتها بنعم و لا			إجابات مختصرة	
			Affirmative إثبات	Negative نف <i>ي</i>
Ве	+Subject فاعل	+ Complement تكملة	Yes + Subject + Be	No + Subject + Be + not
Are	you	a teacher?	Yes, I am.	No, I am not.
Were	the boys	at school?	Yes, they were.	No, they were not.